GHS Classification

Ammonium hydrogendifluoride ((NH4)(HF2))

ID1129 CAS 1341–49–7 Physical Hazards

Date Classified: May 24, 2006 (Environmental Hazards: Mar. 31, 2006)

Reference Manual: GHS Classification Manual (Feb. 10, 2006)

Haza	ard class	Classification	symbol	signal word	hazard statement	Rational for the classification
1	Explosives	Not applicable	-	-	-	There are no chemical groups associated with explosive properties present in the molecules.
2	Flammable gases	Not applicable	-	-	-	Solid (GHS definition)
3	Flammable aerosols	Not applicable	-	-	-	Not aerosol products
		Not applicable	-	-	-	Solid (GHS definition)
5	Gases under pressure	Not applicable	-	-	-	Solid (GHS definition)
6	Flammable liquids	Not applicable	-	-	-	Solid (GHS definition)
7	Flammable solids	Not classified	-	-	-	Non-combustible (BGIA, GESTIS-database on hazardous substancess, Accessed in 2006)
8	Self-reactive substances and mixtures	Not applicable	-	-	-	There are no chemical groups associated with explosive or self-reactive properties present in the molecule.
9	Pyrophoric liquids	Not applicable	-	-	-	Solid (GHS definition)
10	Pyrophoric solids	Not classified	-	-	-	Non-combustible (BGIA, GESTIS-database on hazardous substancess, Accessed in 2006)
11	Self-heating substances and mixtures	Not classified	-	-	-	Non-combustible(BGIA, GESTIS-database on hazardous substancess, accessed in 2006)
12	Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit flammable gases	Not applicable	-	_	-	The chemical structure of the substance does not contain metals or metaloids(B, Si, P, Ge, As, Se, Sn, Sb, Te, Bi, Po, At).
13	Oxidizing liquids	Not applicable	-	-	-	Solid (GHS definition)
14	Oxidizing solids	Not classified	-	-	-	UNRTDG No. 1728, Class: 8; PG II (Not 5.1).
15	Organic peroxides	Not applicable	-	-	-	Inorganic compound
16	Corrosive to metals	Classification not possible	-	-	-	Although UNRTDG is classified into 8 and II according to the UNRTDG No. (1727), test methods suitable for solid materials are not established and it cannot be classified.

Health Hazards

Haz	ard class	Classification	symbol	signal word	hazard statement	Rational for the classification
1	Acute toxicity (oral)	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
1	Acute toxicity (dermal)	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
1	Acute toxicity (inhalation: gas)	Not applicable	-	-	-	Solid (GHS definition)
1	Acute toxicity (inhalation: vapour)	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
1	Acute toxicity (inhalation: dust, mist)	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
_	Skin corrosion / irritation	Category 1A-1C	Corrosion	Danger	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage	It was referred to as Category 1A-1C since it was classified with "C;R34" of European risk phrases which indicates the skin corrosivity, in addition to the description that an irritation is given to human skin and a burned is caused in Priority 2 (IUCLID (2000), SITTIG (4th, 2001)). [[view] It is more desirable to be set as 1A from a viewpoint of safety, when further categorizing needs to be performed.
3	Serious eye damage / eye irritation	Category 1	Corrosion	Danger	Causes serious eye damage	Since it is classified into skin corrosivity (Category 1) and there is the descriptions that it irritates to the human eye (HSDB (2003), IUCLID (2000), SITTIG (4th, 2001)), it was classified into Category 1.
4	Respiratory/skin sensitization	sensitization: Classification not possible; Skin sensitization: Classification not	(Respiratory sensitization)-; (Skin sensitization)-	(Respiratory sensitization)–; (Skin sensitization)–	(Respiratory sensitization)-; (Skin sensitization)-	No data available
5	Germ cell mutagenicity	Classification not possible	-	-	-	There is only Ames test data (negative)(IUCLID(2000)), and data is insufficient, it cannot classify.
6	Carcinogenicity	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available
7	Toxic to reproduction	Classification not possible	-	-	-	No data available

8	Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following single exposure	Category 2 (lung(inhalation))	Health hazard	Warning	to organs	The substance was classified as Category 2 (lungs (inhalation)) based on the reports in Priority 2 that it causes irritation to the respiratory system, such as airways, nose and lungs, and it may cause pulmonary edema after exposure to a higher concentration (HSDB (2003), IUCLID (2000), SITTIG (4th, 2001)).
	Specific target organs/systemic toxicity following repeated exposure	Category 2 (bone, tooth)	Health hazard	Warning		Since there is the description that repeated administration of this product affects a human bone and a tooth (as fluoride) (HSDB (2003), HSFS (2002)), it was classified into Category 2 (bones,teeth).
10		Classification not possible	_	-	-	No data available

Environmental Hazards

Hazard class	Classification	symbol	signal word	hazard statement	Rational for the classification
11 Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute)	Classification not possible	-	-	-	Insufficient data available.
11 Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)	Classification not possible	-	-	-	Classification not possible due to lack of data